

IDIH WEEK 2022

A 4 days online event dedicated to researchers, innovators, care providers and users associations dealing with Digital Health for Active and Healthy Ageing (AHA).

Information, Networking&Matchmaking, and Co-creation sessions among all the keystakeholders of digital solutions for AHA in Europe, Canada, China, Japan, South Korea and USA.





Join the IDIH Week 2022 | March 21 – March 24



https://health-innovation-community-platform.b2match.io/

Asian slot:9.00 - 11.00 CET/16.00 - 18.00 CST/17.00 - 19.00 JST&KST Americans lot:15.00 - 17.00 CET/9.00 - 11.00 EST/6.00-8.00 PST

















IDIH WEEK 2022

- INFO DAY (March 21, 9.00 11.00 CET)
- This Info Day is dedicated to the IDIH findings and products, as well as to IDIH progress towards sustainability. It will also highlights current opportunities for international cooperation in the field of Digital Health for Active and Healthy Ageing.
- US REGIONAL WORKSHOP (March 21, 17.00 19.00 CET)

This workshop is dedicated to the US landscape of R&I around Digital Health for AHA. It will focus on how COVID has impacted independent and connected living of the older persons with the perspective of start-ups, investors, and the patients themselves. A session will be dedicated to O&A with the audience.

PARTNERING DAYS (March 22, 9.00 - 11.00 CET/March 23, 15.00 - 17.00 CET)

Partnering Days will be dedicated to the presentation – through a short pitch – of ongoing projects (for results dissemination/exploitation purposes), new project ideas and expertise offers/requests by the organizations working in the field of Digital Health for AHA. Sessions are planned for March 22, 9.00 - 11.00 CET and March 23, 15.00 - 17.00 CET and will be respectively dedicated to Asian and American audience. Do you wish to pitch your project idea or expertise? Apply HERE! Use this template to send your Flash Presentation to idih@apre.it by March 14.

JAPAN REGIONAL WORKSHOPS (March 23, 9.00 - 11.00 CET)

A panel-discussion (in Japanese with English subtitles) will be held with the participation of the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communication, in charge of HORIZON 2020 in Japan, and some key-players in the R&I landscape in Japan. A session will be dedicated to Q&A with the audience.

INNOVATION DAY (March 24, 9.00 - 11.00 CET & 15.00 - 17.00 CET)

Starting from the findings of IDIH Experts – gathered in the IDIH Digital Health Transformation Forum - this event will be the occasion to address Digital Health for Active and Healthy Ageing focusing on the three areas suggested by the IDIH Experts for enhancing international cooperation in the field: Data Governance, Digital Inclusion, Interoperability-by-design. Thanks to the participation of the eVita project and the North American Chapter International Society for Gerontechnology, 2 Panel Discussions will further explore these areas highlighting tech challenges and opportunities offered by collaborative research at international level. Co-creation sessions will follow among the panelists, as well as the audience through ad hoc tools for live interactions.





IDIH WEEK 2022

Innovation Day

(March 24, 15.00 - 17.00 CET)

Join the Q&A with Slido:

Join at slido.com #IDIH











CONCEPT | Starting from the findings of IDIH Experts — gathered in the IDIH Digital Health Transformation Forum — this event will be the occasion to address Digital Health for Active and Healthy Ageing focusing on the three areas suggested by the IDIH Experts for enhancing international cooperation in the field: Data Governance, Digital Inclusion, Interoperability-by-design. Thanks to the participation of the North American Chapter International Society for Gerontechnology and AGE-WELL Network a Panel Discussion will further explore these areas highlighting tech challenges and opportunities offered by collaborative research at international level. A co-creation session will follow among the panellists, as well as the audience through ad hoc tools for live interactions.

	AGENDA		
15.00 - 15.10	Welcome and introduction Kristin Dallinger, IDIH Coordinator		
15.10 - 15.20	The International Society for Gerontechnology. Its mission and activities Gloria Gutman, President of the North American Chapter International Society for Gerontechnology		
15.20 - 15.30	AGE-WELL Network: Making Canada a world leader in technologies that help aging population Andrew Sixsmith, Associate Scientific Director, AGE-WELL Network of Centres of Excellence. IDIH Expert		
15.30 - 15.40	The outcomes of the IDIH Experts Forum in the field of Digital Health for Active and Healthy Ageing Mathilde De Bonis, APRE (IDIH Partner)		
15.40 - 15.50	Frameworks for technology design and technology interventions: Application to social connectivity. Neil Charness, William G. Chase Professor of Psychology, Florida State University. Director, Institute for Successful Longevity		
15.50 - 16.00	Multi-modal and longitudinal studies towards a shared understanding of the determinants of healthy ageing William Kearns, Associate Professor (Retired Meritorious). Department of Rehabilitation and Mental Health Counseling. University of South Florida		
16.00 - 17.00	Co-creation session: improving IDIH outcomes based on the Panel insights		
17.00	Closure		

Link to access the meeting: click here





IDIH Short Fact Sheet

- Full Title: International Digital Health Cooperation for Preventive,
 Integrated, Independent and Inclusive Living
- Start Date: 1st May 2019
- Aim: Promote and increase international collaboration to advance digital health in the EU and key Strategic Partner Countries to support active and healthy ageing (AHA) through innovation

9 Partners

4 EU Countries Strategic Partner Countries

36
months
(May 2019
- April 2022)

2.4
million €
(including partners'
own contribution)



IDIH PARTNERSHIP

AIM | Promote and increase international collaboration to advance digital health in the EU and key Strategic Partner Countries to support active and healthy ageing (AHA) through innovation



IDIH serves as a CATALYST for the INTERNATIONAL DIALOGUE in DIGITAL HEALTH for AHA



◆ IDIH's EXPECTED IMPACT

Increased awareness of relevant research and innovation initiatives by stakeholders.

Increased
international
cooperation in ICT
research and
innovation for AHA
through a roadmap of
priority areas and
potential funding
schemes.

More networking between European and international stakeholders interested in international cooperation in the field.

Improved competitiveness of European industry by opening up to international innovation possibilities and gaining access to future markets.







◆ IDIH PRODUCTS AND SERVICES (I)

1 IDIH Factsheets

Overview of the digital health research and innovation landscape in Strategic Partner Countries (CAN, CN, JP, KR, USA):

- Priorities within digital health and AHA
- Challenges,
- Relevant key programmes
- Key players in the field
- Strengths and weaknesses

Overview of international collaboration and

Success stories in digital Health bw EU and Strategic Partner Countries

2 IDIH Guidebooks

Updates on opportunities for researchers and innovators

- from IDIH Strategic Partner Countries under EU Funding
- from the EU under the American, Canadian, Chinese, Japanese and South Korean Funding Programmes

Access the factsheets:

Factsheet Canada



Factsheet China



Factsheet Japan



•Factsheet South Korea



Factsheet USA







IDIH PRODUCTS AND SERVICES (II)

3 IDIH Helpdesk

idih-global.eu/idih-helpdesk

Ad-hoc advice to RTI stakeholders from the EU and the Strategic Partner Countries on Funding Programmes and Calls that offer opportunities for international cooperation in the field of Digital Health and AHA



Networking among all key-stakeholders of digital solutions for AHA Register at: https://idih-week-2021.b2match.io/

 Create your online profile specifying your Area of Activity and/or expertise request/offer in the Marketplace + Schedule B2B-meetings with your potential international partners until Dec 31, 2021.

5 IDIH Week 2021 & 2022

- 4 days online event dedicated to researchers, innovators, care providers and user associations dealing with Digital Health for AHA.
- Information, Networking & Matchmaking, Co-creation sessions
- Materials available at: https://idih-week-2021.b2match.io/page-4061







> IDIH PRODUCTS AND SERVICES (III)

6 IDIH Podcast

- The Future of Ageing Actively and Happily is the podcast of the EU Project IDIH - International Digital Health Cooperation for Preventive, Integrated, Independent and Inclusive Living.
- Each episode focuses on one of these **topics**, and a strategic **region** of the world: Europe, China, Canada, Japan, South Korea, and USA.
- Available on 6 platforms

TIMING

PODCAST 1: March 2021 (Intro

HE)

PODCAST 2: July 2021

PODCAST 3: October 2021 PODCAST 4: December 2021 PODCAST 5: January 2021 PODCAST 6: March 2022

Duration: max. 25 minutes

WHERE TO LISTEN











6 IDIH Magazine

- IDIH MAG FORMAT: a full PDF version
- IDIH MAG FORMAT: a reduced HTML version
- You can just draft your article promoting events, initiatives and R&I projects at national/international level or experts/stakeholders from your organization/network, dealing with Digital Health for Active and Healthy Ageing

6 sections:

IDIH MAG















Findings from the IDIH **Experts Forum [HOW]:**

- **4 Experts Groups**
- 4 Strategic Topics
- 3 Experts Groups Workshops
- IDIH Week 2021
- **IDIH** Webinars
- **IDIH PLC Programme Level** Cooperation (6 Funding Agencies)
- Consultation with the IDIH Users Consultation Group (UCG):















Digital Health Transformation Forum

- Expected to become a long-lasting mechanism for international dialogue on exploitation of synergies, promising avenues, and open issues in digital health.
- Shall develop a Roadmap with concrete measures for enhancing collaboration in priority areas.

DIH Expert

Activities

- Collaborative actions
- Exchange in areas and topics of collaboration in digital health domains
- Ensure mutual learning and knowledge exchange between countries and regions

Experts

- Four Expert Groups (one per strategic topic)
- Experts coming from research, technology, industry, advocacy groups, etc.
- Experts were selected via application process



Preventive care

Focus: Early diagnosis and detection

Active and healthy aging begins with a prolonged health regimen. Tech enabled solutions that engage users in health and wellness techniques will allow active and meaningful senior lifestyles.

Facilitators



Canada

China

South

Korea

Giovanni Saggio University of Rome Tor Vergata

Yves Joanette Université de Montréal

Yiqiang Chen Chinese National Institute of

Steven Charlap

CEO of GeneYes

Science and Technology

Japan

Hye-jin Kim Baekseok University

Dr Takao Tashiro The Open University of Japan

Integrated care



Focus: Using new technologies to redesign, coordinate and integrate health and social services and place citizens, patients and seniors at the centre of health systems.

Technology in the integrated care domain is intended to provide support at the point of care, anytime and anywhere.



Ville Salaspuro Isabel Van De Keere Mediconsult Oy Immersive Rehab

Christopher Gorton Medsolis

Kendall Ho University of British Columbia

Yanchun Zhang Victoria University

Jisoo Lee HealSage consulting

Ms Kanoko Oishi

Independent and connected living



Focus: Tele monitoring via smart home and living technologies

Connected living is made possible through smart sensors and buildings, mHealth solutions, mobility aids, secure data, robotics, and e health



Matteo Antonio Melideo

George Demiris University of Pennsylvania

Robyn Tamblyn McGill University Health Centre

Guilan Kong Peking University

Kyoung Lee Texas A&M University

Dr Hirobisa Hirukawa

Inclusive living



Focus: Helping the elderly to feel socially more connected

Healthy environments equal healthy individuals. In the aging population, a component of healthy living is inclusivity, promoting positive social engagement, and ensuring a rewarding social aspect to age



Dr Matthew Lariviere University of Sheffield

Dr Mandy Salomon Mentia Inc.

Dr Habib Chaudhury Simon Fraser University

Dr. AJ Chen West China Hospital

Dr Roland Wilson George Mason University

Dr Satoko Hotta



IDIH (wider) Community

- IDIH | Long-term matchmaking platform
- Open Community at: https://idih-week-2021.b2match.io/
- +390 international stakeholders of Digital Health for Active and Healthy Ageing (32 %Universities, 30% Companies, 9% R&D Institutions)

IDIH

Towards IDIH Week 2022! Register now Join the IDIH long-term matchmaking platform! Networking&Matchmaking among all the key-stakeholders of digital solutions for Active ORGANISED BY and Healthy Ageing (AHA) in Europe, Canada, China, Japan, South Korea and USA. This platform is part of the project IDIH - International Digital Health Cooperation for Preventive, Integrated, Independent and Inclusive Living and works as a Community of Experts where registered participants can exchange and match their interests and expertises in the field, starting building new exciting partnerships! If you are already registered, you can keep schedule and have meetings with your potential international partners whenever you like until December 31, 2023. the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 826092. If you are not registered yet, you can do it here, then - after creating your online (always editable) profile - you will be enabled to browse the Participants Catalogue and the RESOURCES Marketplace, and request/accept meetings that can be realized via the platform until Guidance on how to have a b2b December 31, 2023. Partnering Day_Flash Presentation_template ppt.pptx How to schedule and have a meeting? It's easy! Visit the page B2B| How it works, you IDIH Week 2022_Programme.jpg will find step-by-step instructions. MEETINGS [!] FURTHER GUIDANCE ON HOW TO HAVE B2Bs. Check these instructions that may Participants help you to access the video conference call directly in the b2match platform. Meetings 100 [!] UPCOMING IDIH Week 2022 will be held on March 2022: to know more and register, please visit the PARTICIPANTS dedicated section Company 116 University 126 Contacts R&D Institution 38 APRE - Agenzia per la Promozione della Ricerca Association/Agency 31 Europea Mathilde De Bonis Authority/Government ☑ debonis@apre.it Other 47 APRE Bruno Mourenza Care Provider 18 ☑ mourenza@apre.it

https://health-innovation-community-platform.b2match.io/



TOWARDS A ROADMAP FOR INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN DIGITAL HEALTH FOR AHA

An expert-driven approach and a user-centred perspective to favour evidence-based policies and an international policy dialogue















IDIH Stakeholders Inclusive Design Event Webinar

October 4, 2021 November 5, 2021

3rd IDIH EG Workshop (online)

November 19, 2021

Addressing the needs of users IDIH Stakeholders' **Event**

> February 3, 2022

Data Protection Regulations and Data **Sharing** Webinar

March 10, 2022

March 21-24, 2022

IDIH Week

CURRENT VERSION OF THE ROADMAP (1.0)

- The framework of the EGs
- Key Technologies per EG
- EG Priorities
- Current International Activities per EG
- **Preliminary Recommendations**



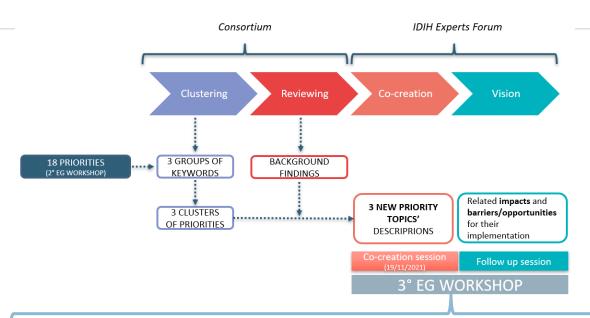


NEW VERSION OF THE ROADMAP (2.0)



3° Experts Groups (EGs) Workshop





DATA GOVERANCE

To foster a **shared understanding of the determinants of healthy ageing** through new/existing multi-modal and **forward/backward longitudinal studies** and **Big Data analytics** based on the use of multiple data sources (such as patient reported data, patient validated data in EHRs, biometrics and biological data), validated with and by patients through **personalised-medicine approaches** and according with a **shared international validation framework** which also addresses cybersecurity aspects.

DIGITAL INCLUSION

To favour inclusive healthcare systems through age-friendly technologies that address social isolation and loneliness, based on empowerment models, inclusive co-design and enhanced digital literacy practices, supported by international and multi/transdisciplinary research towards the adoption of the 5-As approach (acceptability, applicability, accessibility, affordability, accuracy).

INTEROPERABILITY-BY-DESIGN

To ensure accessibility, sharing and protection of data from different sources, such as IoT wearables and sensors, through the development of international standards, and procedures and incentives for producers accessible for all countries based on an interoperability-by-design approach of digital solutions for preventive and integrated care, independent and inclusive living of the older persons.





Policy framework considered 1/2



Policy Makers



Therefore, as a first step towards the enhancement of international cooperation in the field of digital health for AHA, the first PLC meeting has produced a set of preliminary broadlines for cooperation around 3 main priority-areas identified by the IDIH Expert Groups:

- EG Inclusive Living Priority 1: Understanding marginalization connected to ageing and promote targeted and co-created inclusive solutions (connected with "Dementia-friendly
- EG Inclusive Living Priority 2: Sharing tools and methodology, practices in the field of LHS (learning health systems) to reduce health disparities in ageing populations (connected with
- EG Preventive Care Priority 2: Development of international standards and procedures for interoperable outputs of wearable (and all) technologies (connected with "Unlock the potential of data coming e.g. from wearables or sensors through AI, machine learning algorithms").



Green Paper On Ageing. Fostering solidarity and responsibility between generations

https://op.europa.eu/it/publication-detail/-/publication/d918b520-63a9-11eb-aeb5-

01aa75ed71a1/language-en

Introduction

The purpose of this green paper is to launch a broad opportunities, in compliance with the UN 2030 Agen Decade for Healthy Ageing.

Laying the foundations

Laying the right foundations at early stages of our lives can help p of the challenges linked to ageing. This includes promoting he people's education throughout their lives.

Making the most of our working lives

To compensate for the shrinking working-age population, the EU more people into the labour market (women, migrants, entrepreneurs), enable longer working lives and improve produ

New opportunities and challenges in retirement

Thanks to healthier lifestyles and medical progress, most retirees contribution to society and economy through intergenera (volunteering). This also requires to protect them from old age sustainable pension systems.



Meeting the growing needs of an ageing population

Health promotion and disease prevention, in the form of healthy lifestyles can help limit or postpone illness or disability. A comprehensive policy response may involve investing in quality services, infrastructure and community-based service.



WHO Decade of Healthy Ageing

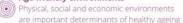
Getting ready for the Decade of Healthy Ageing 2021-2030

https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240023307 Sources: https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/decade-of-healthy-ageing/final-decadeproposal/decade-proposal-final-apr2020-en.pdf?sfvrsn=b4b75ebc 25&download=true

The United Nations Decade of Healthy Ageing 2020-2030 addresses four areas for action at multiple levels and in multiple sectors in order to promote health, prevent disease, maintain intrinsic capacity and enable functional ability.

Decade Action Areas

Age-friendly environments



Integrated Care

Old people require access to good quality and essential services

Combatting Ageism

The narrative around age negatively impacts on old adults and their well-being

Long-term Care

(((*))) Long-term-care systems enable old people to live a consistent life

Decade Enablers

Voice and engagement

Give voice and actively engage older people is crucial to give them visibility

IConnecting stakeholders

Multi-stakeholder approach leaverages new knowleges and resources

Leadership and capacity building

Governance has to design specific policies and foster capacity-building systems

Strengthening research, data and

innovation

Reasearch can drive national policies and actions

As healthy ageing is influenced by multiple factors, strong collaboration for transformative change requires the building of systems with several stakeholders.

A 10-years Plan for a Decade of Healthy Ageing 2020-2030 has been already defined to coordinate concerted, catalytic, sustained collaboration.





Policy framework considered 2/2









https://www.ceps.eu/ceps-publications/opportunities-for-international-cooperation-ondigital-health/

CEPS Researchers Nadina lacob and Felice Simonelli produced a policy brief (Opportunities for International Cooperation on Digital Health) as a part of 'Task Force 4 - Digital Transformation' organised by The Think20 (T20), the official engagement group of the G20. The group serves as the 'ideas bank' of the G20 and aims to provide research-based policy recommendations to G20 leaders. This policy brief was finalised as part of T20 Italy, in advance of Italy's hosting of the annual G20 summit from 30-31 October 2021.

The Covid-19 pandemic has brought to the forefront the role of sharing quality data in a timely manner to inform crisis management, public health and research. The value of data is enhanced when countries cooperate and facilitate cross-border data flows.

Policymakers should harness the value of health data and engage in a global discussion that strives for common, cross-border and effective digital health solutions to improve health outcomes for all. In this context, policymakers should focus on:

1. Establishing technical and legal building blocks:



- a. Harmonising rules for health data protection.
- b. Fostering cooperation for living and dynamic standards
- c. Updating existing liability rules
- 2. Gaining end public/users' trust:
 - a. Increasing accountability and transparency
 - b. Creating a "privacy label"
 - Developing clear and transparent rules for data access
 - d. Improving data quality
 - e. Equipping patients and professionals with the right set of skills
- 3. Fostering research, innovation and competition:
 - a. Enhancing interoperability
 - b. Enabling data portability
 - c. Ensuring fair access to health data
 - d. Developing a framework for the secondary use of health data

These three key steps could facilitate data sharing for better health outcomes and enable research and novel data-driven solutions for healthcare and well-being.

European Scaling-up Strategy in Active and Healthy Ageing

Source: https://llibrary.net/document/yn60el0q-european-scaling-up-strategy-active-and-healthyageing.html



A high number of good examples in the field of active and healthy ageing have been mapped through Europe by the European Innovation Partnership on Active and Healthy Ageing (EIP on AHA) during three years (2012 - 2014). A comprehensive strategy (European Scaling-up Strategy in Active and Healthy Ageing) is needed to scale-up the most innovative features to other European contexts which could benefit from the experience of the most advanced ones. The EIP on AHA has developed a document (European Scaling-up Strategy in Active and Healthy Ageing) proposing a 5-step framework for developing an individual scaling up strategy.

Health and care services in Europe are undergoing changes to adapt systems to a growing demand caused by ageing and the expansion of chronic diseases. This restructuring, which combines health and social care resources, involves the developing and testing of innovative solutions and eventually the large-scale implementation of the most successful practices.

The multitude of good examples developed throughout the EU has led to a realisation that a comprehensive scaling-up strategy is needed at European level. The European Innovation Partnership on Active and Healthy Ageing ("EIP AHA" or "Partnership") which brings together key stakeholders in this policy area, and supports the good practices and References Sites developed by its partners, can act as a catalyst to foster scaling-up across regions and countries.

Five steps for setting up an effective European scaling up strategy:

- Step 1 Building a database of good practices (What?)
- Step 2 Assessment of viability of good practices for scaling up (What?)
- Step 3 Classification of good practices for replication (What?)



→ IDIH Webinar: Inclusive Design of Digital Solution for AHA [Results]

PRIORITIES	VISIONS	BARRIERS
Digital solutions have to consider digital divide among senior	 Seniors are becoming increasingly techno-sophic 	 High cost of digital solutions' customisation
divide among senior population	The indivuduals should be at the centre of technology	 Technology does not have to overcompensate real or
 Digital solutions have to consider different social, gender and 	designDigital solutions can address	imagined physical or social losses
cultural determinants of health	 social exclusion Technology should enable or 	 New technology brings a high risk of
 Long-term care should be addressed at systemic level 	facilitate new ways to meaningfulness	privacy violationFree markets may prevent
• User involvement should	 Technology should be accessible, affordable, 	system or data interoperability in
start at the beginning of design process	appropriate, attractive, acceptable, alternative, flexible	healthcare



Gloria Gutman, President of the North American Chapter International Society for Gerontechnology

THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY FOR GERONTECHNOLOGY. ITS MISSION AND ACTIVITIES



Mathilde De Bonis, Head of International Cooperation, APRE (IDIH Partner)

THE OUTCOMES OF THE IDIH EXPERTS FORUM IN THE FIELD OF DIGITAL HEALTH FOR ACTIVE AND HEALTHY AGEING



IDIH proposal for:

> PRIORITY TOPICS FOR INTERNATIONAL **COOPERATION IN DIGITAL HEALTH FOR AHA**















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Common Priority 1 – Data Governance

To foster a shared understanding of the determinants of healthy ageing through new/existing multi-modal and forward/backward **longitudinal studies** and **Big Data analytics** based on the use of **multiple data sources** (such as patient reported data, patient validated data in EHRs, biometrics and biological data), validated with and through **personalised-medicine** patients bv approaches and according with a shared international validation framework which also addresses **cybersecurity** aspects.





Expected Impacts of Common Priority 1

- Smoother and faster implementation by tech providers of more sophisticated digital solutions and services that meet the future demand of data handling and allow a timely intervention on older persons and/or their care givers.
- Improved self-management and quality of life of the older persons through enhanced quality of more personalized, accessible and participated health care services.
- Reduced workload and burnout risk for formal and informal carers.
- Improved communication between patients and caregivers.
- Improved planning and evaluation of health care services based on the optimization of available data better informing decision making.
- Reduced economic burden of health care systems.
- Older persons and all citizens getting more familiar with sharing personal health data and allow services integration
- Improved research outcomes based on more accessible and accurate data
- Enabled data driven and interoperable solutions for different fields and applications.
- Societal recognition of the importance of health determinants throughout the life course.
- Improved security of health information systems.





Potential *Barriers* for Common Priority 1

- Lack of digital health literacy [Level of likelihood: low]
- Conservative tendencies of health care industry where verification and application processes are tight and strict, making political, economic and social change slower [Level of likelihood: low]
- Lack of organizational resources of Health Systems to meaningfully engage/empower patients in the process and address change management challenges. [Level of likelihood: medium]
- Lack of a harmonized regulatory framework for data integration and interoperability that would facilitate data transfer and exchange, mainly due to a scattered decision making throughout the management levels of public affairs [Level of likelihood: high]
- Non-availability of health data and EHRs [Level of likelihood: high]





Common Priority 2 – Digital Inclusion

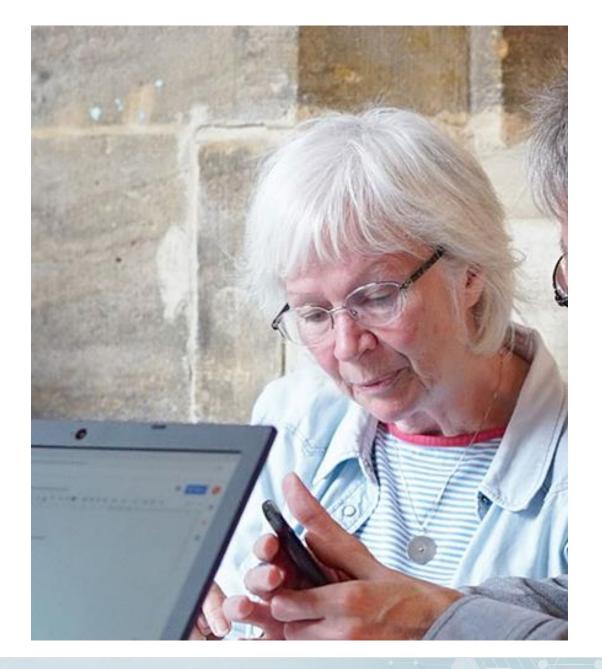
To favour inclusive healthcare systems through age-friendly technologies that address social isolation and loneliness, based on empowerment models, inclusive co-design and enhanced digital literacy practices, supported by international and multi/transdisciplinary research towards the adoption of the 5-As approach (acceptability, applicability, accessibility, affordability, accuracy).





Expected Impacts of Common Priority 2

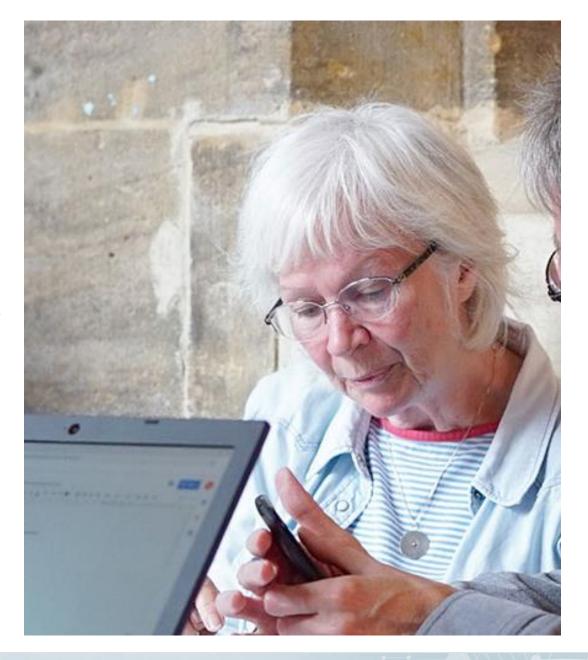
- Reduced social isolation and loneliness of older citizens
- Ensure equitable access to public services for older citizens regardless of their background
- Increased digital literacy of older citizens
- Improved healthcare system engagement for older persons
- Improved offer of personalized care services
- Expanded co-operation and knowledge sharing with EU and partner countries, also for adaptation and replication of successful models and tools internationally
- More inclusive strategies adopted for the engagement of older people in programmes of digital literacy for AHA





Potential *barriers* of Common Priority 2

- Digital technology is still too
 expensive for some older citizens to
 purchase. The high costs of digital
 solutions implementation may be the
 cause and should be addressed.
 [Level of likelihood: high]
- Not all citizens have equitable access to digitally enabled infrastructure (e.g. secure broadband, mobile data). [Level of likelihood: medium]
- Some older citizens may be concerned that digital inclusion may disrupt 'non-digital' forms of inclusion and social relationships.
 [Level of likelihood: medium]
- Differences in health care systems and models across countries may represent a level of complexity to be addressed by international and multi/transdisciplinary research. It is necessary to consider national, as well as individual, differences for the verification and standardization of research results¹⁵. [Level of likelihood: high]





Common Priority 3 – Interoperability by design



To ensure accessibility, sharing and protection of data from different sources, such as IoT wearables and sensors through the development of international standards, and procedures and incentives for producers accessible for all countries based on an interoperability-by-design approach of digital solutions for preventive and integrated care, independent and inclusive living of the older persons.



Expected Impacts of Common Priority 3

- Facilitated access to tools with proven and validated program design from other countries and enhanced collaboration on datasets.
- Enhanced evidence-based policy making through knowledge exchange at international level, towards standardization of key findings and common approaches in the field.
- Increased target groups

 participation through
 international cooperation for
 better research outcomes and a
 meaningful impact on societies.
- Better outcomes in interoperability (at international level and among devices) will positively affect Integrated Care at country level.





Potential *barriers* of Common Priority 3

- Differences in Data Security policies and regulations remain an issue for international research and innovation. It is important to include a preliminary study phase on this field and consider to favour a policy dialogue at international level, supporting and accompanying the R&I actions proposed. [Level of likelihood: high]
- If Data Interoperability and some international standards already exist, huge implementation challenges are still affecting research outcomes and this is often due to the lack of interoperable health data made available by the health care services according with specific government policies. [Level of likelihood: medium]





IDIH proposal for:

A ROADMAP TOWARDS THE ENHANCEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN DIGITAL HEALTH FOR AHA





IDIH Roadmap: towards the enhancement of international cooperation in Digital Health for AHA

[WHAT] to enhance

- A common understanding of Healthy/Active Ageing as a global challenge, among the most remarkable success story in Humanity.
- Cooperation around 3 areas and, in particular 3 Priority Topics:

DATA GOVERANCE

To foster a shared understanding of the determinants of healthy ageing through new/existing multi-modal and forward/backward longitudinal studies and Big Data analytics based on the use of multiple data sources (such as patient reported data, patient validated data in EHRs, biometrics and biological data), validated with and by patients through personalised-medicine approaches and according with a shared international validation framework which also addresses cybersecurity aspects.

DIGITAL INCLUSION

To forour inclusive healthcare systems through one-friendly technologies that address social isolation and loneliness, based on empowerment models, inclusive co-design and enhanced digital literacy practices, supported by international and multi/transdisciplinary research towards the adoption of the 5-As approach (acceptability, applicability, accessibility, affordability, accuracy.)

INTEROPERABILITY-BY-DESIGN

To ensure accessibility, sharing and protection of data from different sources, such as 107 wearables and sensors, through the development of international standards, and procedures and incentives for producers accessible for all countries bosed on an interportability-by-design approach of digital solutions for preventive and integrated care, independent and inclusive living of the older persons.

A shared Vision around the Expected
 Impacts of international cooperation in these areas.

[HOW] to enhance

- Action Plan for the implementation of the 3 Priority Topics at national/international level: from policy formation to policy evaluation
 - Which key-stakeholders to be involved and when
 - Which barriers to consider and possibly remove
 - Upon which enablers to leverage to possibly favour implementation:
 - Current policies and funding schemes for R&I and international cooperation
 - Cluster organizations & partnership

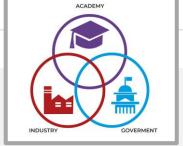






IDIH Roadmap: towards the enhancement of international cooperation in Digital Health for AHA **ENABLERS**





- member organisations gathering in their ecosystems actors from the triple helix: academic / research organisations, industry players among which notably SMEs, R&I support organisations such as accelerators or incubators, but also policy support organisations.
- This means they are ideal *facilitators* in the R&I landscape and one of their main goals is to support their members' collaboration efforts.
- In line with the EU's strategy in this field, strongly supported by the European Commission DG GROW, cluster organisations have a strong interest in international collaboration and are thus, for a large majority, constantly seeking for international collaboration opportunities with relevant organisations from other countries (inside and outside of the EU). These collaboration schemes are developed for the purpose of supporting their members and above all the academic/research organisations and SME of the clusters' ecosystem.
- This is why cluster organisations can be seen as important *enablers* for international collaboration in Research, Development and Innovation (RDI), supporting also the international policy dialogue.





IDIH Roadmap: towards the enhancement of international cooperation in Digital Health for AHA ENABLERS

ACADEMY

Cluster organisations are defined as:

 member organisations gathering in their ecosystems actors from the triple helix: academic / research organisations, industry players among which notably SMEs, R&I support organisations such as accelerators or incubators, but also policy support organisations.













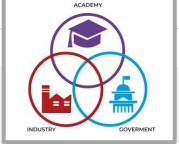
- The initiatives gathering clusters targeting the same targets markets as IDIH:
 - 6 partnerships targeting the markets of the United States;
 - 4 of the partnerships target the markets of Japan and/or China
 - 2 of the partnerships target the markets of Canada and/or South Korea.
- Some of them are finished and some are still ongoing. It can be expected that more are to come in the next generation and clearly see the perspectives offered to IDIH with regards to the exploitation of results.
- European Strategic Cluster Partnerships Going International have been identified as target groups to ensure an efficient uptake of the IDIH results and targeted dissemination towards the ongoing ESCP-4is
- At the same time, we *encourage future cluster partnerships to take IDIH achievements* as a background in order to benefit from the lessons learnt and engage in international collaboration with RDI and policy actors from the Third Countries.





IDIH Roadmap: towards the enhancement of international cooperation in Digital Health for AHA **ENABLERS**

Cluster organisations are defined as:



member organisations gathering in their ecosystems actors from the triple helix: academic / research organisations, industry players among which notably SMEs, R&I support organisations such as accelerators or incubators, but also policy support organisations.





ENRICH Health Innovation Thematic Group: International Collaboration for Health Innovation

#Health #InternationalCooperation #Policies #Research&Innovation #Digitalization #Ageing #Stakeholders Engagement

¬ Aim:

■ Facilitate international cooperation and policy dialogue on global health issues by harnessing the networking potential and critical mass of ENRICH Global members and their projects.

Activities:



International Experts Forum for Health Innovation establishment and management: this will be done by leveraging on the IDIH Community of experts +300 stakeholders. Activities and events engaging the Forum (1 Forum event per year, online) will be planned through a Biannual Plan.

 Target groups: Researchers, Care providers, Users/Patients Associations, Health Tech providers, etc.



*Evidence-based policy making will be also favoured through the participation in the workshop of the R&I experts from the International Experts Forum for Health Innovation.

International Policy Dialogue Workshops: (1 per year, online) to discuss about global Health challenges and compare Health policies, in a mutual learning and exchange environment that will also encourage eventual joint funding initiatives, to enhance international cooperation in specific sectors of Health*.

· Target groups: Policy makers and funding agencies in the Health/R&I field



Coordinated by:









Neil Charness, William G. Chase Professor of Psychology, Florida State University. Director, Institute for Successful Longevity

FRAMEWORKS FOR TECHNOLOGY DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY INTERVENTIONS: APPLICATION TO SOCIAL CONNECTIVITY.





Mission & Activities

Gloria M. Gutman, PhD
President, North American Chapter
International Society for Gerontechnology
Professor Emerita Gerontology
Simon Fraser University, Vancouver, Canada

The Challenges of Global Aging

Desires of Older Adults

- Retain independence
- Remain in own home
- Stay connected to their friends and community
- Retain mobility
- Stay healthy and maintain functional capacity

What can we do to provide/improve care for frail/ill older adults?















Gerontechnology www.gerontechnology.org

- An interdisciplinary field of scientific research in which technology is directed to meet the aspirations of, and provide opportunities for, older persons.
- Gerontechnology aims for good health, full social participation and independent living to a great age, through research, development and design of products and services that improve quality of life.



International Society for Gerontechnology

Mission

 Encourage and promote technological innovation in products and services to address older peoples' ambitions and needs, informed by scientific knowledge of ageing processes and cultural and individual differences

Vision

 To realize a society fully served by technology that is just as accessible to ageing people as it is to younger persons



International Society for Gerontechnology (ISG)

Values - Innovative technology that enables people by:

- Maintaining independence and equality in residence, mobility, safety, security, communication, activities, and quality of life
- Supporting well-being and health as defined by the WHO
- Realizing individual and collective/social ambitions and needs
- Keeping people embedded within their evolving sociocultural environment
- Enhancing dignity
- Supporting caregivers



Who Belongs to ISG?

- Engineers (All sub-disciplines)
- Computer Scientists
- Designers & Architects
- Health Sciences Professionals physicians, nurses, epidemiologists...
- Social Sciences Professionals psychologists, sociologists, anthropologists...
- Student members all disciplines



ISG Chapters & Presidents

- Austrian-German-Swiss Chapter
 - Barbara Kleinbklein@fb4.fra-uas.de
- Brazilian Chapter
 - Carla da Silva Santana Castro castro@ufscar.br
- Dutch-Flemish Chapter
 - Joost van HoofJ.vanHoof@hhs.nl
- Francophone Chapter
 - Luigi Corrado luigi.corrado@lescharmettes.ch
- Hong Kong Great Bay Area Chapter
 - Yongping ZhengYongping zheng@polyu.edu.hk

- Japanese Chapter
 - Shigekazu Ishihara shigekazuishihara@mac.com
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 - Yeong-Ran Park yeongranpark@daum.net
- North America Chapter
 - Gloria Gutman gutman@sfu.ca
- Sinophone Chapter
 - Yeh-Liang Hsu mehsu@saturn.yzu.edu.tw
- Student Chapter
 - Manuel Jesus Azabal
 - manuel@unex.es



Gerontechnology Journal



- Peer reviewed academic journal
- Indexed and abstracted in Scopus
- Published quarterly
- Current issue and archives available online at http://journal.gerontechnology.org



ISG World Conferences

- ISG holds biannual thematic conferences worldwide
 - 2010 7^{th -} Vancouver, Canada
 - 2012 8^{th -} Eindhoven, Netherlands
 - 2014 9th Taipei, Taiwan
 - 2016 10th- Nice, France
 - 2018 11th St. Petersburg, USA
 - 2020 12th Trondheim, NO (virtual)
 - 2022 13th Daegu, Korea October 24-26

https://isg2022.org/kr/



Master Classes

- Promote gerontechnology knowledge and skills by:
 - High level teaching in research, design, engineering and innovation
 - Promoting high quality methodology publications
 - Active lobbying of academic, national and international authorities to foster teaching and dissemination of gerontechnology



News

Newsletter

https://www.gerontechnology.org/news20220118.html

Webinars

May 7, 2021: "Using technology to assist older adults in coping with COVID-19"

https://www.gerontechnology.org/news20200427.html

Special projects





ISG - WHO Collaboration on Assistive Technology for Healthy Ageing

Assistive technology is an umbrella term for assistive products and related systems and services.

Assistive products are used by persons with permanent or temporary functional difficulties to enable and enhance their participation and inclusion in all domains of life.

WHO (2021)





MoU Objectives

Pillar I

 Develop criteria/evaluation metrics to assess safety and effectiveness of technology (i.e. acceptability, accessibility, integration and appropriate use) to support active assisted living and ageing in place.

Pillar II

Scope and categorize available technologies for ageing-in-place, evaluate existing evidence
on their implementation and use, identify gaps where further research is required with a
focus on emerging technologies.

Pillar III

 Promote international cultural and scientific exchanges between clinicians, scientists, technologists/engineers and allied professionals on development and use of assistive technologies (including digital assistive technologies) for healthy ageing with a focus on ageing in place based on existing or to-be-developed guiding principles with a global relevance





TIMELINE

- August 2021 August 2023
 Renewable for additional periods of one year possible
- August 2021 March 2022
 Operational activities
- March 2022 September 2022
 Review literature incl expert consultation on the classification list (Pillar I)
- May2022 March 2023
 Defining the gaps (Pillar II)
- August 2021- August 2023
 Interdisciplinary exchanges/disseminating final findings (Pillar III)

Conclusion



- Marked expansion in Artificial Intelligence (AI) capability has increased the number of potential users.
 - Voice control makes devices easier to work
 - Better software design and AI compensate for short-term memory loss, worsening vision, loss of hearing
- Changes in "Technology Generations"
 - The "young-old" are tech savvy used cell phones in their work and use APPs
 - Have little fear of newer technologies
- Gerontechnology is a growing field driven by worldwide population aging
- ISG plays a unique role in fostering research, education and policy in gerontechnology.

Questions? E-mail: gutman@sfu.ca







secretary@gerontechnology.org

https://www.gerontechnology.org





WE ARE AGE-WELL







Canada's Technology & Aging Network Centre of Excellence (NCE)





51 **Technologies**

31 Policies/Practices

5,000+

36 Services



Startups Supported by AGE-WELL



(trainees)



139 Industry

85 Academic

108 Not-for-profit

27 Government

68 Other









What is AgeTech?





Any type of technology that improves the lives of aging adults (including some fintech)



An emerging subset of the health tech sector that focuses on technology and innovation for older people



"The preferred way to describe the intersection between Longevity and Technology."

- Tina Woods, Forbes Magazine columnist

Who uses AgeTech?

As we are now living longer than ever before, and continue to stretch human lifespans even further, AgeTech can also be defined as technology products or services:

Purchased by older people

Purchased on behalf of older people

Traded
between
older and
younger
people

Delivered to future older people

AGE-WELL is currently an NCE, but that's changing

- Launched in 2015 through the federally-funded Network of Centres of Excellence (NCE) program
- Addresses a wide range of complex issues in technology and aging by:
 - research across disciplines
 - partnerships across sectors
 - training programs
 - putting evidence into practice
 - commercial development of solutions
- AGE-WELL is positioned to significantly build on its achievements as an NCE in 2023 and beyond

AGE-WELL's eight challenge areas:



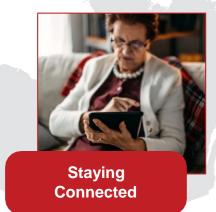














Powerful Partnerships across Canada and beyond



139 Industry

85 Academic

108 Not-for-profit

27 Government

68 Other













International Partnerships and Collaboration

 Active and Assisted Living Joint Programme (AAL-JP) in Europe with the Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) – Institute of Aging

World Health Organization

United Nations

Trade Missions and official visits in Europe and Asia





Partnering with AGE-WELL - Opportunities

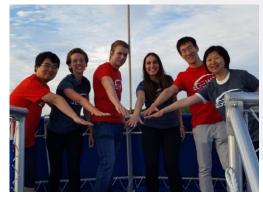
- Early access to preview, inform and validate emerging innovations
- Partnership offerings within promising young startups in the AgeTech space
- Align your strategic partnership goals with an organization with demonstrated success in supporting product development
- Insights on how to implement and scale solutions for older adults and caregivers
- Working with innovation hubs like Digital Health Circle

Training the future leaders in AgeTech











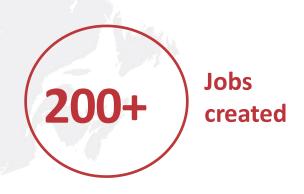


Our successes over the last 7 years:

- A high-performing network of researchers and experts
- Providing guidance to innovators through mentorship, expert services and more
- Putting products on the market, generating jobs and contributing to the economy
- A robust test network of older adults and caregivers to provide critical consumer feedback



5,000+
Engaged Older Adults
and Caregivers





CANADA AGETECH STARTUP MAP













WINTERLIGHT







We are at the forefront of Canada's leadership in technology and aging that will benefit the world.

Please join us.

Andrew Sixsmith andrew sixsmith sfu.ca

www.agewell-nce.ca

@AGEWELL_NCE

www.sfu.ca/starinstitute

@sfu_starinst





Frameworks for Technology Design & Technology Interventions: Application to Social Connectivity

Neil Charness

Director – Institute for Successful Longevity William G. Chase Professor of Psychology Distinguished Research Professor





Overview of the Center for Research & Education on Aging & Technology Enhancement



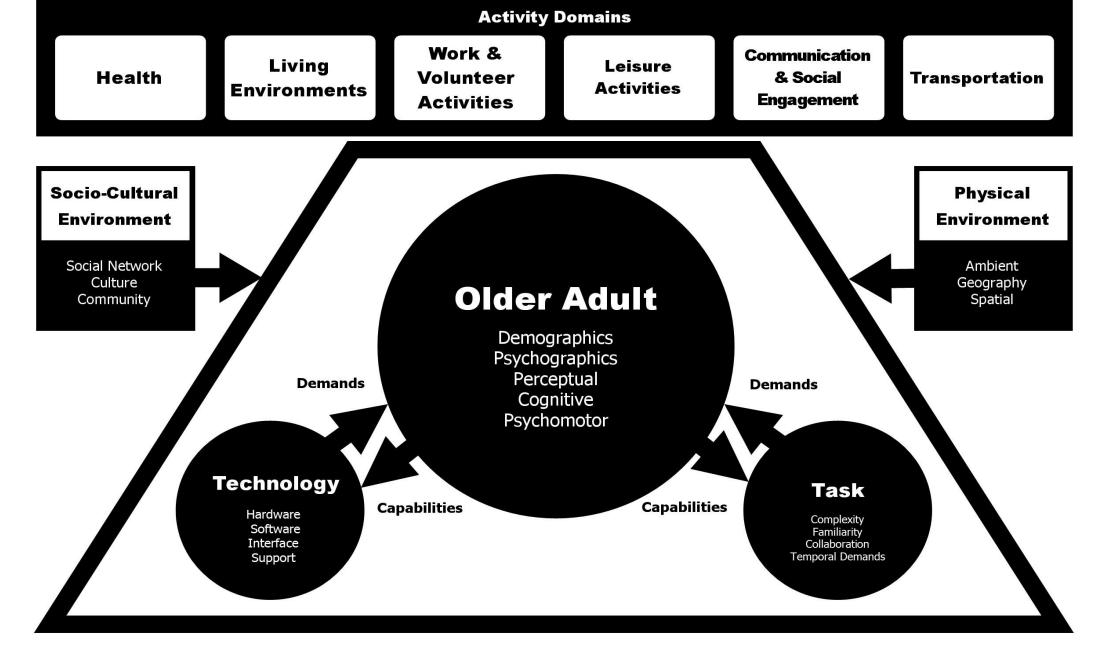
Goals for CREATE

- Develop principles and protocols to aid the design, implementation, and evaluation of emerging technologies.
 - Design guidelines
- Promote new areas of research and training of new investigators.
 - workshops
- Disseminate the findings and products of CREATE to a broad audience.
- Foster collaborations with others working in the aging and technology domain.



Joseph Sharit, Neil Charness, Sara Czaja, Wendy Rogers, Walter Boot



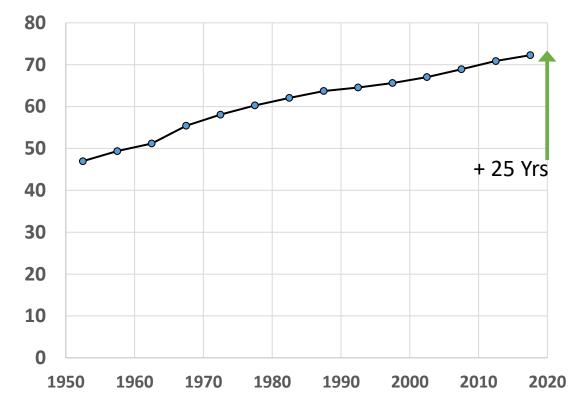




Two Revolutions: Technology, Aging

Technology	Patent Year	US 50% Adoption	Years
Fax	1843 (Bain)	~1990	150
Telephone	1876 (Bell)	1920	44
Microprocessor	1971 (Intel)	2001	30
Internet	1983 (tcp/ip network)	2001	18
?	2022	?	?

WHO Estimated World Life Expectancy at Birth by Year (yr)





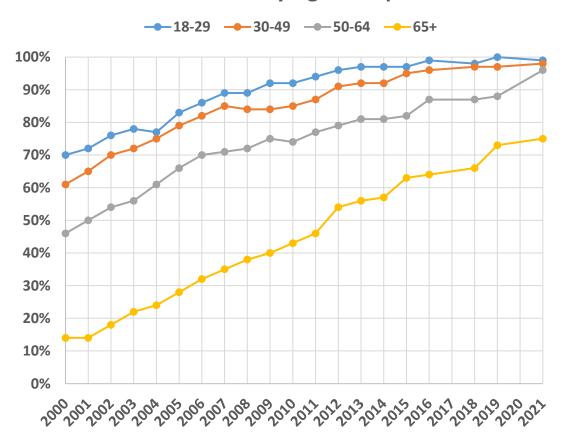
A Grand Challenge for Psychology: Reducing the Age-Related Digital Divide

Science
1-7
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sagepub.com/journals-permissions
DOI: 10.1177/09637214211068144
www.psychologicalscience.org/CDPS

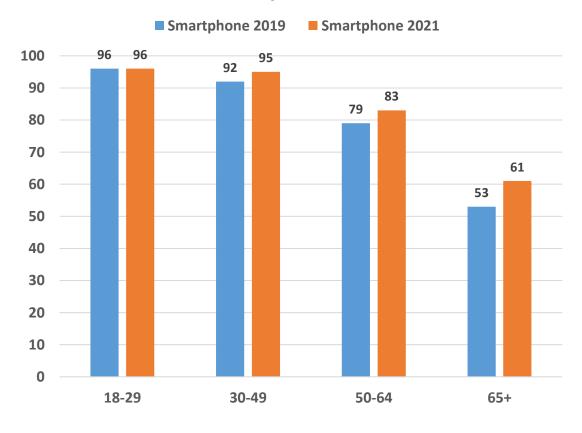
Current Directions in Psychological

Neil Charness and Walter R. Boot
Department of Psychology, Florida State University

USA Internet Use by Age Group and Year



USA Percent Smartphone Ownership by Age Group and Year





Technology's Role

- PRAS Framework for improving person-environment fit for aging
 - Prevent Impairments
 - Reach old age in best possible shape
 - Rehabilitate train person
 - provide exercises to improve reach poststroke
 - Augment support a failing function
 - provide a hearing aid
 - Substitute replace a failed function
 - Cochlear implant

Gerontology

Technological Section / Viewpoint

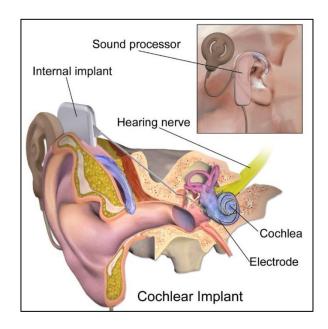
Gerontology 2020;66:169-175

Received: March 9, 2019 Accepted after revision: July 16, 2019 Published online: September 5, 2019

A Framework for Choosing Technology Interventions to Promote Successful Longevity: Prevent, Rehabilitate, Augment, Substitute (PRAS)

Neil Charnes

Psychology Department, Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL, USA





Augment: Tech for Socio-Emotional Support

The New York Times

- Loneliness & Social Isolation are associated with severe negative consequences
 - "Across studies in which several possible confounds were statistically controlled for, the weighted average effect sizes were as follows: social isolation odds ratio (OR) = 1.29, loneliness OR = 1.26, and living alone OR = 1.32, corresponding to an average of 29%, 26%, and 32% increased likelihood of mortality, respectively."
 - Holt-Lundstad et al. (2015)
- Can technology help?
 - COVID-19 lockdowns



U.K. Appoints a Minister for Loneliness



Tracey Crouch, left, Britain's under secretary for sport and civil society, is to coordinate the government's response to loneliness. Stephen Pond/Getty Images for Sport England

By Ceylan Yeginsu Jan. 17, 2018

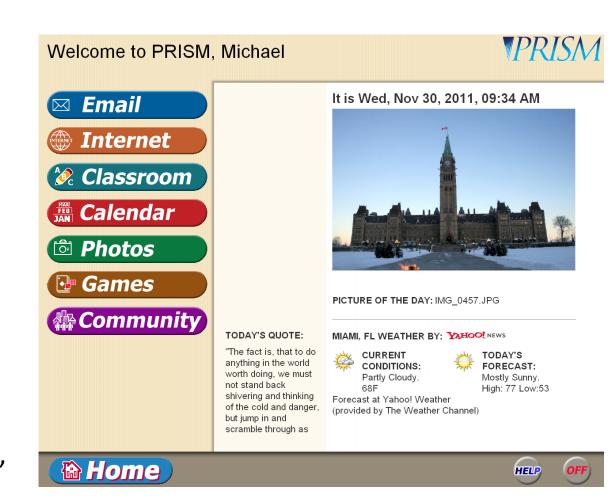
LONDON — Since Britain voted to leave the European Union more than a year ago, Europeans have mockingly said that the decision will result in an isolated, lonely island nation.

But Britain, in fact, already has a serious problem with loneliness, research has found. More than nine million people in the country often or always feel lonely, according to <u>a 2017 report</u> published by the <u>Jo Cox Commission on Loneliness</u>.



CREATE PRISM Clinical Field Trial Aims

- The aims of the 12-month trial were to examine:
 - The usefulness and usability of the PRISM system
 - The impact of access to the PRISM system on
 - Social isolation
 - Social support
 - Well-being
 - Computer Attitudes
 - Computer Proficiency
 - Technology Acceptance
 - Usage patterns over time and as a function of individual characteristics.
- 150 adults Age 65+ randomized to PRISM,
 150 randomized to Binder





General Findings

- Changes in Outcomes at 6 months in the Expected Direction:
 - Social Support
 - Loneliness
 - Emotional well-being (SF36)
 - Social Isolation Ψ (trend p = .11)
 - Computer Comfort, Computer Interest, Computer Efficacy
 - Computer Proficiency



The Gerontologist
cite as: Gerontologist, 2017, Vol. 00, No. 00, 1–11
doi:10.1093/geront/gnw249
Advance Access publication February 15, 2017



Research Article

Improving Social Support for Older Adults Through Technology: Findings From the PRISM Randomized Controlled Trial

Sara J. Czaja, PhD,^{1,*} Walter R. Boot, PhD,² Neil Charness, PhD,² Wendy A. Rogers, PhD,^{3,5} and Joseph Sharit, PhD⁴

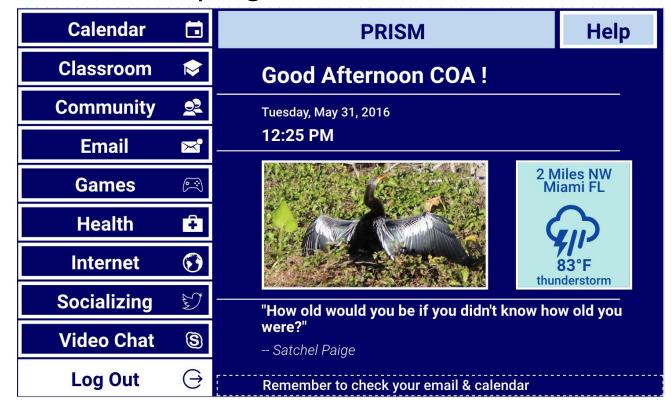
¹Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, University of Miami Miller School of Medicine, Florida. ²Department of Psychology, Florida State University, Tallahassee. ³School of Psychology, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta. ⁴Department of Industrial Engineering, University of Miami, Coral Gables, Florida.



PRAS: Augment Social Support

- We had some transient differential effects of PRISM vs Binder on loneliness, social support
 - Present at 6 months, but gone at 12 months
- We had enduring computer proficiency, computer efficacy effects
 - Even a 96-year-old was able to learn to use PRISM
 - User-centered, iterative design for instructional materials
- Whether tools like PRISM can Substitute during pandemics is an open question

Now analyzing PRISM 2





Challenges for Mobile Technology

TABLE 2-1 Challenges in Mobile Monitoring and Intervention (MMI) Research and Practice

Challenge	Example Responses	Constraints to Consider	
Why Monitor	Prevent harm, promote well-being	Ethical, legal, self- determination for lifestyle, societal resources	
Whom to Monitor	Aging adult	Co-dependent dyads, caregiving teams	
What to Monitor	Physiological (e.g., blood pressure), psychological (e.g., cognition, well-being) indicators	Reactivity, lifestyle constraints	
Where to Monitor	Home, work, everywhere	Privacy, legal	
When to Monitor	Continuous, intermittent intervals, self-chosen intervals	Privacy, data transmission bandwidth, storage, data security	
How to Monitor	Sensors, probe questions (e.g., ecological momentary assessment) for person, for proxy	Power source, device, person and network capability and availability/reliability and security	



National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine 2020. *Mobile Technology for Adaptive Aging: Proceedings of a Workshop*. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. https://doi.org/10.17226/25878.

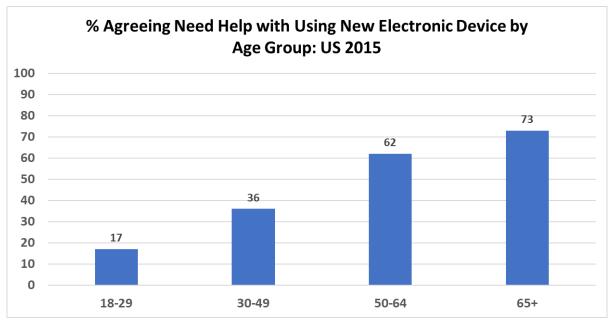


Tech Adoption Constraints Human-System Reliability & Usability

- Usability is critical to use
- So too is reliability for the integrated system of human and device/environment

	Heart Failure	Non-Heart Failure	Total
# of days of data	3552	3331	6883
% network was up	94	92	93
% watch worn 24/7	72	81	77
% daily blood pressure taken	72	78	75
% daily weight taken	78	86	82
% daily survey taken	64*	78*	71

USA 2015 Percent that Agrees Statement Describes them Well or Very Well: I Need Help with Setting Up and Using New Electronic Devices by Age Group



^{*}*p* < .05

Multi-modal and longitudinal studies towards a shared understanding of the determinants of healthy ageing

William D. Kearns, PhD
Associate Professor (Retired Meritorious)
Past-president International Society for Gerontechnology
Rehabilitation and Mental Health Counseling
College of Behavioral and Community Sciences
University of S. Florida, Tampa, USA

Current Status

- Traditional Scientific Analysis group studies
 - Nomothetic approach
 - Focuses on the generation of general knowledge
 - The notion of "Average subject" +/- standard error of mean
 - May involve random assignment of subjects to exp. & control conditions
 - Data are systematically gathered and descriptive statistics generated and if possible, statistical tests of significance are performed.
 - Data may be gathered at different points in time repeated measures design; typically with many observations the data are "blocked" into larger groupings.
 - Shortcomings
 - There is no "average subject", each person is unique. Nobody falls exactly on the mean.
 - When repeated measures data are blocked into intervals, temporal information about the phenomenon is obscured.

Current Status

 A bigger issue concerns the explosion of longitudinal data gathered by APPS on cell phones & wearable devices.





Data Explosion

- We are now gathering more data than we can possibly analyze using traditional methods.
- Tags shown in prior slide generate 100 data points per second per subject for many months!
- These tags were used to study fall risk in 63 ALF residents continuously over a period of 1 year at a data rate of around one reading every second. Many gigabytes of data gathered.
- Idiographic approach
 - B.F. Skinner Harvard Prof. of Psychology & proponent of the school of thought known as "Behaviorism'.
 - Developed single subject research design methods
 - Methods still in use today, esp. for children with intellectual disabilities.

Idiographic approach

- Strengths of single subject design studies
 - Focus is on a real person not an "average subject"
 - Temporal information (trends) within a person's own behavior is retained. It's essential to understanding the process of the phenomenon under study.
 - Within subject and between subjects statistical tests of significance are possible.

Kearns, W. & Fozard, J.L. (2016) Evaluating Gerontechnologies: Proof of concept is necessary, but not sufficient. Gerontechnology, 14(3), 139-145. dx.doi.org/10.4017/gt.2016.14.3.007.00

Idiographic approach

- Limitations of single subject design studies
 - Tight experimental control is essential in order to determine if the change in behavior is spurious or real.
 - Multiple replications are required to demonstrate generalizability of findings.
 - They may not lend themselves well to observational studies where no experimental control is in place.

Idiographic approach

- Time series analysis
 - Strengths
 - Well suited to large, continuously gathered data (i.e. stock market prices, weather forecasting)
 - Goal is prediction of future behavior Examines autocorrelation among successive data points to predict what that one person will do.
 - Again, confidence in findings is built up through replications across individuals.
 - Limitations
 - Time series demands an unbroken string of observations (doesn't handle missing data well)
 - In the final analysis you can say a great deal about a single individual, but its generalizability to all of humanity may be limited.

Case studies – Fall prediction

Fall Prediction using RTLS location monitoring system, cognitive assessment and standardized gait and balance testing.

Kearns, W. D., Fozard, J., Becker, M. A., Jasiewicz, J., Craighead, J., Holtsclaw, L. et al. (2012). Path tortuosity in everyday movements of elderly persons increases fall prediction beyond knowledge of fall history, medication use, and standardized gait and balance assessments. Journal of the American Medical Directors Association, 13(7), 665.e7-665.e13. doi:10.1016/j.jamda.2012.06.010.

Case studies – TBI Recovery

Veterans with traumatic brain injury were monitored using an RTLS to determine location each second over 6 months. Cognitive assessment was performed at admission and discharge from facility. Cognitive changes and compliance were predicted by variations in gross motor movement.

- Kearns, W. D., Fozard, J. L., Ray, R. D., Scott, S., Jasiewicz, J. M., Craighead, J. D., & Pagano, C. V. (2016). Movement path tortuosity predicts compliance with therapeutic behavioral prompts in patients with traumatic brain injury. Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, 31(1), E20-E27. doi:10.1097/htr.000000000000126
- Kearns, W. D., Scott, S., Fozard, J. L., Dillahunt-Aspillaga, C., & Jasiewicz, J. M. (2016). Decreased movement path tortuosity is associated with improved functional status in patients with traumatic brain injury. Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, 31(1), E13-E19. doi:10.1097/htr.000000000000125

Conclusion

- Given the prospects for the discovery of new medical procedures and cures using advanced sensing technology, it is incumbent upon us to create new statistical models to aid new discoveries using these advanced technologies.
- Failure to do so will result in missed opportunities or worse, an increase in going down "blind alleys", following unproductive leads despite having an ocean of data at our disposal.